

THE DAILY GAZETTE.
Published every evening, except Sundays, by
THE GAZETTE PRINTING COMPANY
TERMS:
One year delivered in city by carrier.....\$9.00
Three months, if paid in advance..... 2.00
One year by mail, in advance..... 5.00
Foreign postage at same rate.
JOB PRINTING.
Book and every description of Commercial and
Law printing in the best manner at Gazette Job
shops.
Entered at the Post Office at Janesville, Wis., as
second-class matter.
The eagle of Gramercy lives and prospers
to confound his party enemies.
Color will win in a waking match if it
can't have common humanity shown it at
West Point.
There is a singular unanimity among
Republicans, that Mr. Tilden should get
the Cincinnati nomination. He should
have another term by all means.
Massachusetts has spoken for Edmunds,
or in other words, the Republican State
Convention has elected delegates to Chi-
cago, who will vote for the Vermont Sen-
ator.
It seems that the Democrats in Congress
have made up their minds not to do any-
thing of interest this session. The country
expects nothing, and they "don't want to
disappoint the people."
It is at last given out that three fourths
of all the milk sold in New York city, is
water and that the water to put in the milk
costs about \$13,000 a day. If the water is
pure, then New York is not so bad off for
milk as some other cities.
It will be generally conceded that there
is no lying being done in the newspapers
regarding the strength of the several can-
didates for the Presidency. Each candi-
date has been nominated by papers friend-
ly to him by a big majority.
It has been suggested that while the
Blaine Club was at the business of cal-
culation, it might as well make Blaine's vote
on the first ballot 379 instead of 359, and
this would have ended all controversy.
Grant, Washburne, and Sherman could
then retire.
Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, of Boston,
once Speaker of the House of Representa-
tives, has presented to the Government
the writing desk on which Thomas Jeff-
erson wrote the Declaration of Independence.
It is a little mahogany desk, and was made
in May, 1776.
The Grant meeting at Chicago last night
was one of the largest political gatherings
seen in that city for a long time. Among
the speakers of the evening were Robert
T. Lincoln and Stephen A. Douglas, the
sons of two of the noblest patriots and the
greatest statesmen of our country.
When the Democrats couldn't kill off
Tilden by calling him a physical wreck
and a political corpse, they tried the
scheme of telling everybody that he was
not a candidate. But this has at last failed.
The more his party enemies talk about his
being dead and out of the way, the greater
are his financial speculations, and the more
delegates he gets for Cincinnati.
Mr. William H. Vanderbilt, who, as it
was stated in these columns several days
ago, had \$1 million of four per cent gov-
ernment bonds registered in his name, has
purchased 20 millions more, making 51
millions in all. Mr. Vanderbilt expects to
become the owner of 100 millions of these
bonds, when he disposes of his interest in
the New York Central railway. The inter-
est he now draws on the bonds amounts
to five thousand dollars a day.
The Chicago papers are having a very
unhappy time over the Presidential ques-
tion. The Tribune abuses the Inter Ocean
because the latter supports Grant, and the
Inter Ocean bitterly attacks the Tribune
because it does not pronounce for him; and
the Journal now and then catches it from
the Tribune and Inter Ocean because it in
a while will say something complimentary
to Blaine. It would be a little more sen-
sible if these papers would stop their per-
sonalities, and pledge each other to abide
by the nomination made by the Chicago
Convention.
COLORED CADETS.
The experience has been that a colored
cadet can not have justice done him at
West Point. Several have been sent there,
and each has been compelled to sacrifice
manhood, to bear insults, and to suffer
humiliation, before he could be graduated.
It costs twice the nerve and the industry,
for a colored cadet to go through the Mil-
itary Academy, than it does a white cadet.
There is a prejudice against them, and
they know this fact. They are looked upon
as intruders, and they feel it. They are
scorned and insulted, ostracized and buffe-
ted, and loaded down in this way they
are compelled to keep up with the white
cadets or fall of graduation. Is it any wonder, then,
that some of the cadets—taking Whitaker,
for instance—are backward in their
lessons. Some of them have surmounted
the gravest obstacles in graduating, have
gone beyond what white cadets have had
to endure, and have yet come out con-
querors. But not one of them has yet been
treated with the respect that is shown the
white cadets, and these facts remind one
that the officers at West Point are guilty
of a crime. General Schofield, who now
commands at the Military Academy, showed
his deep-seated prejudice against colored
cadets, and his want of manhood, by con-
demning Whitaker and charging that
he inflicted his own injuries. The
suspicions of Schofield and others may be
correct, but there is no evidence yet that
Whitaker did torture himself, and the
feeling is growing every day that he did
not. In the face of these facts, and at a
time when General Schofield should have
proved himself a gentleman, he acted the
part of a demagogue, and did the boy great
injustice.
There can be no doubts as to the duty
of the officers at West Point toward all cadets
placed under their charge. They should

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

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THE SEMI-WEEKLY GAZETTE
Published every Tuesday and Friday, at \$3.00 per
year, in advance.
The Weekly Gazette
Published every Thursday.
is the largest Weekly newspaper in Wisconsin
TERMS
For year, in advance.....\$1.50
Six months, in advance..... 1.00
An extra copy sent for one year to any person
procuring a club of 15 names.
Address, GAZETTE PRINTING CO.

be no respecter of persons. Black as well
as white, should receive their respect,
confidence, and attention. It is no time
now to discuss the question as to whether
colored cadets should have been admitted
to the Military Academy. The great
amendments to the Constitution, have set-
tled that question for all time, and now
that colored boys have been successful in
passing examinations and being admitted,
they must be respected and protected. They
are entitled to all the rights and privileges
of a white cadet and should receive them
at whatever cost, and a government insti-
tution that will not protect one of its own
pupils because he is black, should be
abolished, and the officers of the school
disgraced. This is becoming a serious
question, and one that is attracting the
attention of the people, and should be
considered soberly by Congress. It is time
to decide whether "West Point Academy" is a
school for the training of soldiers to whose
advantages all American citizens are en-
titled on a footing of exact equality, or a
seminary of aristocratic pretensions and
nurseries of snobs in uniform."

THE NEW OIL REGULATION.
The Legislature of last winter enacted a
law (chapter 269, laws of 1879) regulating
the sale and use of illuminating oils in this
State. This law prohibits, under heavy
penalties, the sale of any illuminating oil
after the 24th of May, until the same shall
have been examined or tested, and branded
and approved by an inspector, who shall be
authorized to do such service. The re-
markably large number of kerosene oil
accidents which have happened in this
State and elsewhere during the past few
years, led to the enactment of this law. It
is doubtful the case that large quantities
of bad oils are thrown upon the market,
then dealt out to innocent purchasers, and
at last to increase the number of calami-
ties. To prevent this, as far as possible,
this law has been wisely enacted.
The law provides that the tests prescribed
are that "the oils shall neither give off an
inflammable vapor, or take fire and burn
upon the application of a well lighted
taper at any temperature below 120° Fahr.,
and also that it shall remain clear and
transparent when cooled for the space of
ten minutes to a temperature of 20° Fahr.
The instrument prescribed for making the
flash test thus provided for is to be of the
form known as a closed tester, similar in
construction to that now used in Michi-
gan."
It further provides that "such use as
for illuminating purposes of such materials
as Gasoline, Rose Oil, Petroleum Fluids or
any other of the lighter and more inflam-
mable products of Petroleum by whatever
name they may be known, is entirely pro-
hibited, and dealers are made responsible
for any pecuniary or other damages that
may result from the use of any Oils sold in
violation of the law."
Dr. J. T. Reeve, of Appleton, who has
been appointed Supervisor of Inspectors of
illuminating oils, has issued a circular in
which he urges every one interested to
make timely preparations for a prompt
and faithful compliance with the law. To
this end he suggests to all dealers that in
their future orders for oil they should
specify that they be of the quality to bear
the Wisconsin tests. This caution is es-
pecially needed in regard to oils ordered
from without the State, as it will be en-
cumbent on all persons ordering such oils
to secure the inspection required by this
act before they can be offered for sale.
This rule, of course, applies to retail as
well as to wholesale dealers; and dealers
must bear in mind that only oils which
have been so tested and branded by a Wis-
consin inspector, can be sold in this
State. The Supervisor of Inspectors gives
notice that "inspectors under the act are
now being appointed at such places as will
so far as possible, meet the needs and con-
veniences of dealers. They will be expect-
ed and directed to exercise such courtesy
and promptness in all their official transac-
tions as will subject dealers to the least
possible inconvenience, but it will be their
duty as sworn officers of the law to report
any violation of its provisions to the proper
prosecuting officers, and this they will be
directed to do without fear or favor."

RUN OVER.
MILWAUKEE, April 15.—A young man
named Kremer, residing at Fond du Lac,
was killed by a freight train on the North-
western road in this city this morning. He
was returning with his father from Chi-
cago, where they had been in search of em-
ployment, and near the depot were ordered
out of a car in which they were sleeping.
In getting out, Kremer fell under the
wheels and was fatally wounded. Be-
fore dying, he accused a brakeman of push-
ing him off, but the Coroner's jury this
afternoon exonerated the railway men.
AT A WEDDING.
RACINE, April 15.—At the wedding re-
ception of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ruggaber,
at Turner hall, last night, a fight occurred
in which Frank Higgins, the pedestrian,
was considerably pounded.
ROCKFORD, ILLINOIS, June 7, 1879.
MESSRS. MORRIS & ALLEN, 509 John St.,
New York:
Dear Sirs—Enclosed we send you testi-
monial of the efficacy of your "Constitu-
tion Water" by Hon. J. M. P. WASHBURN,
of this State—extensively known through-
out the United States—which you are at
perfect liberty to publish for the benefit of
suffering humanity.
Yours respectfully,
J. KELLY & CO.
MESSRS. J. KELLY & CO.:
Sirs—The "Constitution Water" I bought
of you is a good medicine, and I cheerfully
recommend it to those afflicted with the
disease it is intended to cure.
Respectfully yours,
J. M. P. WASHBURN.
Ask your druggist for it!

THE GRANT BOOM.

The Opening of the Grant Campaign in Chicago.

Great Mass Meeting at Music Hall, Last Evening.

Speeches by Robert T. Lincoln, Stephen A. Douglas, General Logan, and Others.

Gossip Relating to the Withdrawal of Tilden at Cincinnati.

No New Developments in the Whitaker Case.

Statement of Whitaker before the Court of Inquiry.

A Wealthy New York Gentleman Offers \$1,000 Reward

For the Detection and Conviction of the Perpetrators of the Outrage.

Robert C. Winthrop Presents the Writing Desk of Jefferson to the United States.

Effects of the Storm in the Neighborhood of Oshkosh.

Footo Falls to Get Bail, and is Jailed in Milwaukee.

THE GRANT BOOM.

First Mass-Meeting of the Campaign—Speeches by Robert T. Lincoln, Stephen A. Douglas, General Logan, and Others.

CHICAGO, April 15.—Central Music-Hall last evening was the scene of a large political meeting. Every seat in the auditorium contained an occupant. The foyers and lobbies were filled with late comers who could find no seats, and hence were forced to stand which they cheerfully did. Viewed from the stage, the scene was a brilliant one. The attendance of ladies was quite large. Many of the best seats in the dress circle and first balcony, and all those in the private boxes, were occupied by the fair sex, who were attentive listeners, and waived their handkerchiefs and clapped their hands at the mention of their particular Presidential candidate.

The meeting was remarkable in one respect. It was called in the interest of General Grant, and, much to the dismay of its managers, there was present a very large majority of the friends of James G. Blaine, the mention of whose name by the first orator of the evening was the signal for a spontaneous outburst of applause from the galleries and the rear seats, the front rows having with great forethought been reserved by the managers for those whose loyalty to a third term could not be questioned. With the judicious skill of the chief claqueur of the Parisian theatre, postoffice and internal-revenue employees were sprinkled through the house to lead in the applause and keep it up whenever a particularly telling point was made.

Prominent in the audience were Colonel Fred Grant, J. H. McVicker, C. H. Whittier, General Oberlin, Scudder Hoffmann, Aid. Dixon, Thomas Hoynes, S. H. Kerfoot, Dr. Wickersham, General Lieb, and the list of Vice Presidents.

Presently at 8 o'clock General Beveridge, followed by Senator Logan, Leonard Sweet, S. A. Douglas, and Emory A. Storrs, appeared on the platform. Sixteen persons from another door then entered a brass band of ten pieces, who, on taking seats at the rear of the stage, struck up the familiar strains of "Hail Columbia."

Speeches were made by Robert T. Lincoln, General Logan, Emory A. Storrs, Stephen A. Douglas, Leonard A. Sweet and others.

WHITTAKER.

Yesterday's Developments in the Court of Inquiry—Statement from General Schofield.

WEST POINT, April 15.—General Schofield says that the public have got a wrong impression that the present investigation of the Court of Inquiry is the first. The fact is that upon the presumption that the guilty parties were in a corps of evildoers, the commandant of the corps had used all his powers in a thorough and exhaustive investigation, and then sent his report of failure to ferret out perpetrators, to the Superintendent. General Schofield then ordered a court of inquiry to investigate the imputation cast upon Whitaker.

The court was occupied this morning reading all the evidence of Whitaker, he being present.

The following card explains itself: "I am authorized by a wealthy citizen of New York city to offer a reward of \$1,000 for the detection and conviction of the person or persons who committed the outrage upon Cadet Whitaker on the night of April 3, 1880. I assume the responsibility of payment at the request of the gentleman referred to. "MARTIN L. TOWNSEND."

Mr. Townsend questioned Whitaker at length upon his social standing in the corps. He said he had no associates in the corps. He never had a social conversation with any of them, and that has been so ever since he first arrived at the post in 1876. The cadets have outdoor sports, but he never participated in them, and the young men in his class never visited his room except officially. He also told Townsend how he had been ignored in the mess-room by the waiters. Dishes on being passed around would be passed by him. He said his standing at the last annual examination was 47 in a class of 58. Up to April 5 he had not known or suspected any change which would endanger his passage at the coming examination.

When the testimony was concluded, Whitaker's counsel (aid Mr. Whitaker) desired voluntarily to make a statement. Whitaker rose and said: "MR. PRESIDENT AND GENTLEMEN OF THE COURT: I wish simply to make a remark concerning a statement in a newspaper of to-day, saying that I had

said that I did not expect to get justice from the court. In justice to my honor, and inasmuch as it touches upon the honor of the court, I would say that the statement is as false and cowardly as it is false, and I pronounce it to be a malicious and arrant falsehood."

When Whitaker uttered the last word there was applause among the spectators.

A HISTORIC DESK.

Winthrop's Gift to the United States.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 15.—It will be remembered that the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, in the course of the Centennial oration delivered by him on the Fourth of July, 1876, in Music Hall, Boston, exhibited to the audience there gathered the writing-desk upon which the Declaration of Independence was written, and the thoughts suggested by this interesting historical relic formed one of the most eloquent passages of his oration: He concluded his allusion to this desk with these words:

Long may it find its appropriate and appreciating ownership in the successive generations of a family in which the blood of Virginia and Massachusetts is so auspiciously commingled. Should it in the lapse of years ever pass from the hands of those to whom it will be so precious an heirloom, it could only have its fit and fitting place among the choicest and most cherished treasures of the Nation, with whose title deeds of independence it is so proudly associated.

This evening the Hon. Robert C. Winthrop who is now in Washington, took the occasion of a call at the Executive Mansion to deliver personally to the President, as a gift to the United States, the little mahogany desk on which Mr. Jefferson wrote the Declaration of Independence. It was presented in the name of the children of the late Mr. Joseph Coolidge, of Boston, to whom it was given by Jefferson himself in 1825, whose granddaughter Mr. Coolidge had married, and has an autograph inscription as follows:

Thomas Jefferson gives this writing desk to Joseph Coolidge, Jr., as a memorial of his affection. It was made from a drawing his own by Ben Randall, cabinet maker, of Philadelphia, with whom he first lodged on his arrival in that city in May, 1776, and is the identical one on which he wrote the Declaration of Independence. Politics as well as religion has its superstitions. These, gaining strength with time, may one day give imaginary value to this relic for its association with the birth of the great charter of our independence.

It is probable that this desk will be deposited in the fire proof library of the State Department, where are kept the original draft of the Declaration, written on this desk, and the engrossed copy which was signed by the members of the Continental Congress.

TILDEN.

More Gossip Relating to Sammy's Withdrawal.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—A telegram from Washington to a Philadelphia paper stating that Tilden had prepared a letter to be presented to the coming state convention in New York announcing his withdrawal from the Presidential race, was the topic of much discussion at the capital to-day. The prevalent opinion among members of Congress from New York and other Eastern States appeared to be that Tilden really intends to withdraw. Several Congressmen expressing this opinion are known to be on excellent terms with Tilden. One prominent Senator, who is always well informed about the Democratic plans, and whose relations with Tilden are friendly, said that while the report might not be true in detail, it was a fact that Tilden has determined not to be a candidate. He may make the announcement to the State convention or defer it until the National Convention meets, but he certainly would get off the track at one time or other. The Senator, he made at the State convention of his opponents are in the majority there, or even numerous enough to make a strong minority.

Caucus Black, one of the most active Tilden men in Pennsylvania was asked to-day if the coming Pennsylvania convention would declare for Tilden. Black remarked, significantly, Tilden would not be in everybody's mind much longer. He said Tilden would withdraw from the race and there will be no occasion for any fuss over him. Black was then asked if the solid Tilden fighting in Pennsylvania was being waged really in the interest of Randall for President or Vice President, but he did not answer this question. Very many are of the opinion that Tilden did contemplate making Randall his political heir some time ago, but he has changed his mind owing to Democratic hostility to the Speaker, and will exert his influence in behalf of some one else, perhaps Jewett, or Groesbeck, or very possibly Justice Field. It is, in short, almost universally believed that Tilden is maintaining his hold on his party in New York at present solely with a view to forcing the nomination of some friend.

OPERA HOUSE.

The Dimensions of the New Opera House at Eau Claire.

EAU CLAIRE, April 15.—Wallace Hume, Esq., an eminent architect, of Chicago, has about completed the plan of the Opera House for this city. The dimensions of building are 165 by 105 feet; steeple, 112 feet from the ground; three stories high, combining all the modern improvements in regard to comfort, convenience, and safety. The seating capacity is 1,000; material of building, brick with stone trimmings and mansard roof, the cost \$10,000. The ground floor will be used for the theater proper, surrounded by a court, separating from the business part, and the third floor will be used as a masquerade hall; dimensions, 40x70 feet, with five sets of galleries. The building is expected to be completed and ready for occupancy by the 1st of September.

THE STORM.

Effects of the Storm at Oshkosh.

OSHKOSH, April 15.—A survey to-day shows that the storm which has prevailed in other sections of the State has done no little amount of damage. Along the Fox River and Lake Winnebago it blew a perfect hurricane. Wednesday evening and night the lake was lashed into fury, the waves rolled into the mouth of the

T. LEECH

Is Selling the Best Corset in America for 50c.

He is Selling Dry Goods Cheaper than any other house in the City.

river with great force and dashed over the docks. During the night about twenty-five rafts broke loose up the river and the logs went tearing down stream. Most of them were saved by a jam at the railroad bridge. Reports reach here that more or less damage was done to property further up the river. Steamers on the lake and river experienced difficulty in weathering the gale.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Britton & Kimball

Are now receiving their Spring Stock of Goods, Parlor and Chamber Suits

at very low figures. We have just received a fine lot of

CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES!

Prices very Low.

Velocipedes, Rocking Horses, Express-Wagons, Doll Carriages, and Toy Carts.

Will keep a full line of

Refrigerators & Ice Chests

the coming season. Dining Room and Kitchen Furniture, a great variety. All goods kept in a first class Furniture store can be found at our place next to Post Office. Call and see our goods and prices.

UNDERTAKING!

Fourteen years experience; satisfaction guaranteed. BRITTON & KIMBALL.

NEED DOOR TO POST OFFICE.

TIME TRIED

—AND—

FIRE TESTED!

The sound old Insurance Companies represented by

DIMOCK & HAYNER

have been literally tried by time and Tested by Fire. Having been through all the fearful conflagrations on this continent, and the great fires of England, they stand to-day stronger and have larger cash assets than ever before. Risks written in these strong old companies at best rates, and losses promptly and fairly adjusted and paid.

E. L. DIMOCK, - SILAS HAYNER, Insurance & Real Estate Agents

MONEY TO LOAN.

(SMITH & JACKMAN'S BLOCK, JANESVILLE, WISCONSIN)

Is It a Puzzle to Know Where to Get the Best and Nicest Fitting Shoes?

NO PUZZLE AT ALL!

A Rich ard son

and Bro keep the

best and finest stock

in the city and

they sell them cheap

as they have got

to move to make

room for their new

store and now is

just your time to

buy. 13 W Mil

Street, Jan es ville

sept19day

BLANKS!

FOR Constables' Accounts with Rock County AT GAZETTE'S OFFICE.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 124 Dearborn Street, Chicago. Advertis free; 15 years' experience. Business quietly and legally transacted. Names changed, sept19day

NOVELTIES

FOR THE

SPRING TRADE!

We have this day added to stock the following new goods. They have all been sampled and found choice goods: Boneless English Herrings, French Peas, French Mushrooms, Huckins' Soups, Mock Turtle, Ox Tail, Mullagatawny, Julienne & Beef, CURRIED OYSTERS, Bunker Hill Sweet Pickles, MARYLAND HARD

Crabs, Russian Caviar, East India Chutney, German Fruits in Glass, Sardines in Tomato Sauce, Sardines in Salade Dressing, Sardines Boneless, East Indian Manioc, CRANBERRY SAUCE, very choice, PEA MEAL, BEAN MEAL, for Soups, "Dunbar's" Preserved Figs and Oranges, Dry Canton Ginger, New England CHAMPAGNE CIDER, Natural Selzer Water, Imported, PISTOLES, a French fruit, better than Prunells for sauce, also a very choice lot of new French Prunes. We have also received another large invoice of the Cincinnati Hams and Bacon, Pearce's Sodas, Coffees and Teas, and other goods in anticipation of "Booming" Spring Trade.

49 West Milwaukee St. J. A. DENNISTON.

HEADQUARTERS!

FOR

MALLORY'S

BALTIMORE

OYSTERS!

Wholesale and Retail

PARTIES FURNISHED REASONABLE.

ALL KINDS OF

Lamps, Burners

AND

CHIMNEYS!

Good Quality and Cheap.

Dealer in Fruits, Groceries, &c.

JOHN DAVIES, 25 West Milwaukee Street!

NEW GOODS

A FRESH STOCK!

GROCERIES!

Just Received at No. 93 West Milwaukee street.

A Good Jap Tea for 36 Cents, And other grades up to 75c

Canned Goods, Soaps, Syrups

&c., at small profit, and Sugars at actual cost for cash.

New York Apples and Sweet Cider.

J. B. MINOR.

oct13day

Dr. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD.

CURES RHEUMATISM, CURES COUGHS and COLDS.

CURES RHEUMATISM, CURES COUGHS and COLDS.

CURES SORE THROAT, CURES DIPHTHERIA

Cures Lungs Back and Stiff Joints.

Cures Burns, Cuts and Bruises.

Cures Burns, Cuts and Bruises.

For Sale by Croft & Sherer, 2nd A. J. Roberts, in other cities. C. H. BISHOP, sept19day

U. S. MAIL AND STAGE!

Running Daily

Between Beloit and Janesville: leave Beloit at 4 p. m., leave Janesville at 4 p. m. Fare each way 15 cents for one person and ordinary baggage for extra baggage small additional charge. Packages carried and errands done at reasonable rates. Leave ordered at principal hotels or at Postoffice in either city. C. H. BISHOP, sept19day

To Justices of the Peace.

BLANKS for Justices of the Peace to County Board, new and corrected form, sept19day

FRIDAY, APRIL 16, 1880.

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Rail

Trains at Janesville station.

-ARRIVE-

From Monroe. 8:36 a. m.

From Madison. 1:45 p. m.

From Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 6:50 p. m.

-DEPART-

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 8:36 a. m.

For Madison. 1:45 p. m.

For Chicago, Milwaukee and East. 6:50 p. m.

L. V. B. CARPENTER, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Chicago & Northwestern R. R.

Trains at Janesville station.

Day Express. 1:30 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

Fond du Lac passenger. 8:40 p. m. 8:45 p. m.

-ARRIVE-

Day Express. 1:30 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

Fond du Lac passenger. 8:40 p. m. 8:45 p. m.

-DEPART-

Day Express. 1:30 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

Fond du Lac passenger. 8:40 p. m. 8:45 p. m.

M. HUGHETT, Gen'l Supt.

Janesville Station.

WESTERN UNION RAILROAD.

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Day Express. 1:30 p. m. 1:35 p. m.

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Fond du Lac passenger. 8:40 p. m. 8:45 p. m.

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M. HUGHETT, Gen'l Supt.

Janesville Station.

WESTERN UNION RAILROAD.

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WASHINGTON LETTER.

Presidential Election—Impudence of Some Newspapers—Cadet Whitaker—Strange Proceedings—Color Prejudice—Washington: Peculiarities of the City.

Correspondence of the Gazette.

WASHINGTON, April 13.—The prospects of the Republican party in the coming Presidential election are suffering damage at the hands of its friends, but little less than from the assaults of its enemies. Some of the most widely circulated Republican journals are indulging in finding fault with all the prominent candidates of the party, except the one of their preference; and through the influence of these papers, the friends of the respective candidates are arrayed against each other. Heated discussions are provoked, each voter becoming more positive in his preference, and perhaps denunciatory of all except the man of his own choice. A prominent Republican journal, in the city of New York has said more to disparage one of the Republican candidates than any half dozen Democratic newspapers in the whole country. Another class of Republican journals having different preferences and dislikes, are pressing the candidate of their choice, regardless of doing injustice to the man who may prove to be the nominee of the Convention.

It is nearly certain that one of the three most prominent men, now spoken of for the Presidency, will be nominated by the Republican Convention in June next. Be it which it may of these, if the Republican papers referred to fall into line and support the nominee, it will take some of them most of the intervening time, from then to November next, to non-say, take back, and explain away all the harm they have said of the candidate nominated. It is reasonable to conclude that some Republican newspapers will find themselves in an embarrassed situation after the Chicago Convention, and short of much of their party influence. It is proper, in a free country, to discuss dispassionately the merits of candidates to be passed upon by a nominating convention, but there are unreasoning attempts, by a portion of the Republican press, to belittle and disparage whomever may stand in the way of their choice. Whomever of the prominent candidates now before the people may be nominated by the Republican Convention, he will be worthy of cordial support.

COLORED CADET WHITAKER—STRANGE PROCEEDINGS—COLOR PREJUDICE.

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This outrage has properly enough excited indignation, and has been the subject of much comment here by members of Congress. For the purpose of bringing this piece of savagery to the proper attention of the government, Mr. McCook, member from New York, offered a resolution in the House, calling on the Secretary of War to furnish such information to Congress as may have come into his possession. Under the rules of the House a single objection is sufficient to carry the resolution over. Mr. Aiken, of South Carolina, was the member to make the objection; and although appeared to from different parts of the House, to make his objection, he personally refused to do so. Mr. Aiken sought to justify his action, by saying it was a matter in which Congress had no business to interfere. This excuse of the South Carolina ex-slave driver was simply ignorance, coupled with impudence. The military academy at West Point is not an independent corporation; it is the property of the people of the United States, and is directly under the control of, and depen-

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OF

ARTIST MATERIALS

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS CITY. LADIES ARE INVITED TO CALL

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Plants and Flowers Thursday Morning at 10 O'clock.

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NO. 25 Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

Norwegian Plows, Barbed Fence Wire, Adams & Westlake Oil Stoves, Iron and Wagon Stock.

Attention of Builders is called to the GILBERT DOOR TRIMMINGS; does away with the annoyance of loose and broken door knobs.

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MILLS' RANGE

The Kelly Steel Barbed Wire now reduced to 12

cents per pound.

W. S. BENNETT & CO.,

WEST MILWAUKEE STREET, JANEVILLE.

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Opened this Day

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Immense Stock of

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NO. 6 EAST MILWAUKEE ST.

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TEN PIECES OF NEW

NOVELTIES!

IN LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

SPRING CLOAKINGS!

10 Dozen LADIES' FICHUS

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW.

50 Pieces Point Languedoc, Madras

Point and Point D'Espagne

RAILROADS.

GO SOUTH

**GO WEST
GO EAST
GO NORTH**

GO NORTH
—VIA THE—
Chicago & North-Western
RAILWAY.
2,380 MILES OF ROAD

SOUTH FOR

INDIANAPOLIS,	LOUISVILLE,
CINCINNATI,	NEW ORLEANS,
JACKSONVILLE,	ST. LOUIS,
And all Ports SOUTH.	

— — —

WEST FOR

CEDAR RAPIDS, IOWA
 DES MOINES, IOWA
 MARSHALSTOWN, IOWA
 SIOUX CITY, IOWA
 YANKTON, S. DAKOTA
 COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA
 SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA
 And all points in COLORADO, CALIFORNIA
 the TERRITORIES, and THE WEST:

EAST FOR
 NEW YORK, N. Y.
 BOSTON, MASS.
 CLEVELAND, OHIO
 WASHINGTON, D. C.

BUFFALO, MONTREAL,
 PITTSBURGH, TORONTO,
 PHILADELPHIA, NEW ENGLAND,
 DETROIT, and CANADA.

NORTH AND NORTHWEST FOR
 GREEN BAY, FARGO,
 DUBUQUE, BISMARCK,
 FOND DU LAC, MANITOBA,
 ST. PAUL, WINONA,
 MINNEAPOLIS, LA CROSSE,
 OWATONNA,

and air points in Minnesota, Dakota, Wisconsin and the Northwest, the NORTH-WESTERN is the DIRECT ROUTE.

Pullman Hotel and Sleeping Cars

ON ITS

Connell Bluffs and California Line.

**ULLMAN SLEEPING CARS ON ALL NIGHT
TRAINS.**

Palace Parlor Chair Cars

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FIRST CLASS MEALS ONLY FIFTY CENTS

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the Company, or
ARVIN HUGHITT, W. H. STENNETT,
 Gen'l Manager, Gen'l Pass. Agent,
 CHICAGO, ILL.

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Milwaukee Railway
THE
HORTEST, CHEAPEST,
And Quickest Route to the

EAST!

STEAMSAIPS LEAVE DAILY,
Saturdays excepted,

Milwaukee, -	depart 7:30 pm
Grand Haven, -	6:00 am

Chicago, Ill.	arrive	12:20 p m
Niagara Falls,	"	8:30 p m
Buffalo,	"	8:40 p m
New York, sec. day	"	10:30 a m
Boston,	"	2:40 p m

State rooms free on Steamers.

Only ONE MIGHT on the cars between Milwaukee and New York, Boston and principal cities.

AVING \$3.00 !
allroad, and \$3.00 sleeping car fare, 100 miles
distance.
Tickets on sale at all principal ticket offices in
northwest, at Company's office, 335 Broadway,
at Dock Office, adjoining Union Depot, Min-
neapolis.
HARRY BRADFORD,
Assistant General Ticket Agent.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CIRCUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUNTY.—William Payoe, plaintiff, against Per-Hulse and L. A. Hulse his wife, D. H. Baband Mark Ripley, defendants.

closure and sale entered in the above entitled
case in the Circuit Court for Rock County on
24th day of February, 1879, in favor of the
named plaintiff and against the above-nam-
ed defendants, I shall offer for sale and sell at
public auction, to the highest bidder, at the front
door of the post office, in the city of Janesville,
said county of Rock,
On the 25th day of May, A. D. 1880,

wing described premises lying and being in city of Janesville, in the county of Rock and of Wisconsin, and known and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at the northwest corner of lot eighty-four [84] in Smith and Baird addition to Janesville, thence running westerly on the west line of said lot two rods, thence westerly and parallel with Race street in addition to the line between said addition to Smith, Bailey & Stone's addition, thence

westerly on said line to a point intersected by north line of said lot eighty-four [84] run west, thence easterly to the place of beginning and also the northerly half of lot number four [4] in Smith & Bailey's addition to the village as is recorded plat thereof, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy said judgment and interest and costs of sale and as may be separately without material injury to the lands in interest. — Dated April 12th, 1880.

SHERIFF OF ROCK COUNTY, WISCONSIN.
TODAY & CARPENTER, Plaintiffs Attor-
s. P. O. Address, Janesville, Rock County,
e. apr12doew7w

RECRUIT COURT FOR ROCK COUN-
ty.—Jane H. Taggart, George Taggart,
ge A. Higday, Maria Higday his wife, Ade-
l—Higday and Lizzie Higday his wife, and
ed e H. Taggart and Celestus Taggart his wife.

Alma, daughter of William F. Higday and Agnes
his wife, Minerva Warren, Levanchee E.
Higday and Joseph Drollinger her husband,
Leslie L. Higday and Girtle Higday his wife,
Leola A. Young and William Young her hus-
band, Mulford B. Higday, Clara E. Higday, Flor-
Stoddard and Charles Stoddard, her hus-
band, Elizabeth Higday, Carrie Higday, Edward
Higday, and Esther Higday his wife, George
Higday, and Lois Higday his wife, Albert Hig-

Mary Higday his wife, Almyra J. Relyea, and J. Relyea, her husband, Florence Duffy, and Ar Duffy, her husband, Lydia E. Todd, and M. Todd, her husband, Elvina F. Price, and S. Price, her husband, Thompsons E. Taggart, Ann E. Tidball, Jeanie Huntsman and William H. Huntsman, her husband, Edna C. Beebe, Selie Beebe her husband, defendants, State of Wisconsin, to the said defendants, each of them.

are hereby summoned to appear with-
in ten days after service of this summons,
to defend the action in the court aforesaid; and
in case of your failure so to do, judgment will
be rendered against you according to the demand
of the complaint; of which a copy is herewith
served upon you. Said complaint was filed in
the office of the Clerk of said Court, at the City
of New York, in said county, on the 10th day of

BENNETT & SALE,
Plaintiffs Attorneys.
address, Janesville, Rock County, Wis.
arl6doew7w

GOODRICH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
northwest Street Chicago. Adjoining room 15

experience. Business quietly and legally
acted, Names changed, separately

HIGH SCHOOL HONORS.

They are Given to Those Who Have Fought the Good Fight and Finished the Course.

The Essays and Orations, the Valedictory and the Last Words of Advice.

The Class of 1890 Step from the Schoolroom into the Stormy World.

An Occasion of Importance to All Interested in the School of the City.

The Closing Festivities and the Party To-Night.

All About the Day's Doings.

unity and originality. In travelling through life man should use whatever is best adapted to the road they are travelling. If plodding along the road of the practical the boots should be worn, the sole consisting of several thicknesses of common sense, and the uppers made of firmness and good judgment. Those who delight in poetry and in art should wear the wings. It was each one's duty to use what means seemed best to accomplish the desired end; to be content in following out the path designed in nature for him. Several good lessons, well illustrated and plainly put, were presented in an excellent manner.

There was a floral beauty, a poetry in the style of this essay, which was a wonderfully fitting garb to the thoughts which it clothed. Tracing through the workings of Nature it was shown that nature must be busy before she can be beautiful, and the application of this truth to man's life was happily made, and the comparisons well carried out. Without trying to define beauty she showed that mental activity and moral purity increased the truly beautiful, and that above even the grand laws of Nature was the moral grandeur, by which virtue sparkles far more beautiful the diamond.

Fact and Fiction—Abbie S. Byrne.

This proved an able defense of the poetical side of life. The essayist showed that from the earliest days in the world's history to the present, the imagination had ever been at work weaving a web of enchantment about facts which would otherwise prove dull, and that fiction filled with beauty many a page in the world's thought which would otherwise have been a dreary blank. To destroy all that had sprung from fiction would be to create a desert where now are blooming gardens. The poet and romanticist controlled as great a part of the world's thought as did the so-called practical men, and certainly they held the most enchanting portion.

The Third Term—S. C. Hastings.

The speaker took strong grounds against a third term, though admitting that it might be, advisable in rare cases. He showed how from the earliest times the people had ever been disposed to give the chief place to those of military fame, and that military success had, tended to a centralization of power, and frequently to the abridgement of the liberties of the people. He traced through the history of this country, touching upon the various administrations and while paying a high tribute to General Grant insisted that the reasons for a third term should rest upon better ground than military heroism and fame. The speaker showed a commendable amount of knowledge concerning historical events, and showed some skill in using them to support his position.

Mirrors—Kate C. Farnsworth.

The essay contained many interesting historical facts concerning mirrors, showing that man is born with a desire to see the form which God created in His own image, and in all ages some way of reflecting it has been in use—the limpid pool, polished stones, burnished silver and gold, then glass coated with some bright metal, and at last the perfect mirrors of to-day. It mirrors could tell all that they had seen what secrets would they tell. The essay closed with a very pleasing comparison of the human face to a mirror, reflecting the image of the soul that animates it. The image thus reflected is open to the scrutiny of the whole world, and care should be taken that the spirit thus reflected should be beautiful in thought and impulses. Miss Farnsworth did herself credit, handling her subject well, and presenting an essay of much merit.

Language, the Vehicle of Thought—Anna M. Frickard.

Coupled with the old definition of language being the vehicle of thought she presented the truth that the vehicle is not so important as the passengers. It is made for them, not they for it, and should always be fitted for its purpose, to convey ideas. Language without ideas was an empty wagon rattling along the road, attracting attention, perhaps, but answering no good purpose. The language should be in keeping with the ideas, and should be simple in structure. Miss Frickard followed her comparisons closely, and presented her thought in a manner which showed that she had a practical as well as a theoretical knowledge of the subject which she handled so well.

Earth and Air—C. E. Wintermute.

The subject was treated in a scientific manner, and many interesting facts were gracefully grouped and presented in a pleasing manner. The effect of the air on the earth and its various kingdoms was vividly pictured. Its grandeur and power were presented, as appearing in all forms from the gentleness of a flower to its majestic sweep in the tempest. Its use in navigation was touched upon, and the hope was thrown out that the great problem of the day, practical, aerial navigation, with which man was now grappling, would be successfully solved, and that the time would come when the air would supply the motive power as well as become the great highway of inter-communication between States, nations, and continents.

Etiquette—Francis H. Whiting.

The essayist after showing the literal meaning of the word to be "minute or little morals or manners," traced the peculiarities of ceremonial observances in every historical period, the extent to which they were carried by the Byzantine court, in the court of Louis XIV, the extravagant manners of the Duke of Buckingham, and the effect of the age of chivalry. Many interesting facts were narrated, and then the subject was given a more practical turn. Our democratic principle as a nation formed no reason for ignoring true politeness. The essence of etiquette was usefulness, its animating spirit, forbearance. The place etiquette should occupy in the school room and in the home, and the defence to be given to the aged were touched upon. The essay was well written, and contained many practical thoughts, well put.

Thoughts of the Past Century—Mary E. Barnard.

This proved to be fresh in thought and well written. She showed that while in honoring our ancestors we should overlook their faults, still faults there were. In the matter of dress there was a formality which barred out from society the man who wore a shoestring in place of a buckle. Punch drinking was common, and towering above all such minor defects in society, was the sanction given to human slavery. Even their acts of grand heroism were equalled at last by the deeds of the last war. Inventions had now almost done away with labor. Educational facilities had been increased. Literature was then scarce, now plenty, and in all branches of thought and industry there had been rapid strides. It remained for those who lived to-day to say whether this country should continue thus to grow, whether the present should be kept intact, and its wealth of civilization increased.

Capital Punishment—Frank N. Webster.

The speaker presented some of the old arguments pro and con on this question. In fact, it would be difficult to find new ones, but he handled them well, and made an able protest against capital punishment. He wisely singled out three leading arguments from the many, and confuted himself to the task of answering these. They were, first, that the execution of the murderer is necessary to the defence of society; second, that the absence of capital punishment induces outbreaks of mob-violence; third, that the presence of the death penalty deters men from committing the crime. He handled these points logically, and presented clearly his reasons for believing them to be fallacious.

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American Girls of the Past and Present—Grace Draper.

Written in an easy, graceful manner, the thought running along in the popular vein, it was a really enjoyable, sensible essay. She drew a vivid picture of the girls of the olden time, their plain homes, their industrious habits, their healthy sports, their real womanhood, and then pictured some of the faults in the girl of the period—little girls becoming young ladies in their early teens, leading an aimless life with little purpose beyond that of marrying successfully, superficial in education, ignorant concerning the plain duties of life. Not all of the girls of the present were thus, but too many were. It was urged that each one had a mission in life, a work to do, and careful preparation for this and a faithful accomplishment of duties, should prove the inspiration of true womanhood. The essay was a pleasing, practical talk to girls, and was crowded with good things.

Valedictory.

Upon Miss Draper also fell the duty and the honor of giving the valedictory, an honor well conferred and a duty well performed. The following was her valedictory:

One more swift year has rolled away. Once again the time has come for another class to leave this school. We have seen year by year the classes complete their course; we have eagerly watched them on those wonderful last days as they appeared before their friends to receive those mysterious rolls, and have wondered if we should ever reach that time which seemed to us one of pure pleasure, the day of our freedom. But now that our turn has come much of the enchantment is lost. We see the dark side as well as the bright. We are glad because we have persevered to the end and finally stand here as graduates of the High School; but we are also sad because we can never again take our places in this room as scholars. Our school days here are forever ended. We can no longer be school girls and school boys.

As graduates of this school our acknowledgments are due to the Board of Education who have so liberally provided for our needs during the years of our school life. Although their relations to us do not appear very close, we know they have carefully considered our welfare and interests. We hope that those pupils who remain and those who may come after will find in these gentlemen friends equally staunch.

Respected Superintendent and Teachers:

Our relations with you have been very intimate. It is with sorrow that we are compelled to sever them, and with a secret wish down in our hearts that we might stay a little longer. We do truly thank you for all that you have done for us, and we feel that it is not a little. We thank you for your constant daily watchfulness over us; for your care for our moral and intellectual development; for your patience with us at all times even when we have sorely tried you. Indeed, to mention all that you have done for us would be impossible, but be assured the longer we live, the more we shall realize your kindness. It is a life-long debt we owe you. We bid you farewell, trusting that the seed you have so carefully sown may have fallen upon good ground and may bring forth good fruit, yes, an hundred fold.

Classmates: The many busy, happily busy days, which we have spent together over our books are now ended. To-day we must say farewell to these teachers who have so endeared themselves to us, to each other, and to the work and the surroundings which have become so familiar by long association. We each step out into the busy world to pursue different paths, to commence our life-work. If in recalling our school years we revive other than pleasant recollections, let us forget them all and bear into the life before us only happy memories. Besides these pleasant memories, what have we to show for the years spent in this school? If the faithfulness of our teachers has been rewarded, we have laid good foundations on which to build the structures of our lives. It now devolves upon each one of us to attend to the rearing of worthy structures; to take care that nothing but the best material finds place therein. Thus shall our lives become useful and beautiful. Farewell!

The Finishing Touches.

At the close of the valedictory another selection of music was rendered and the diplomas were presented to the class by Dr. St. John, the President of the Board of Education.

In accordance with the usual custom the members of the graduating class and a few friends gathered at Prof. Burton's after the exercises, and there partook of an en-

joyable feast and indulged in the usual social festivities. This evening the annual party of the High School is given at Cannon's hall.

BRIEFLETS.

—No dust.
—Last day of school.
—The vacation of the schools will be two weeks long.
—Police circles still keep quiet. No arrests give them a rest.
—Will Webster, of Ripon, was in the city, to-day, and will visit Milwaukee before returning home.
—April must have saved several of its showers and put them all into one-to-day, and then scattered in a little snow for a border.

—A very little common sense and a good deal of back-bone are needed to ensure the shutting up of the cows this summer.

—Mrs. Thomas Brady, of the Second ward, yesterday presented her husband a twelve and a half pound boy, and Brady is exclaiming Joe Bostwick in smiles.

—The Baptist church folk are hesitating about planting evergreens on their lot, for they don't want to set them out unless it becomes a fixed fact that the cows won't be allowed to pasture there.

—Several of the Janesville Guards expect to attend the reception of the Beloit Guards this evening. Among them are E. McGowan, the Randall brothers, Herbert Sykes, Henry Hudson and Charlie Stevens.

—The Guards last night decided to have their company inspection Monday evening, April 26, and to ask the public to come. There will also be a competitive drill for the prize medal offered by Lieut. Glas.

—Next Monday evening Miss Florence Herbert, and her dramatic company open at the Opera house for a week's stay. "Miss Multon" will be given the opening night, and prices of tickets have been put clear down.

—There are two or three of the yagrats now confined in jail, who are evidently a little cracked mentally. One of them was dancing about the other night with a razor, threatening to cut either his own throat or some other prisoner's, or both, but the sharp blade was taken from him. He then took a pair of scissors and was going to use these, but was again doomed to disappointment.

—George Craig, who has already served three months for having mutilated one of the graves in the Evansville cemetery, was brought before Justice Brooks to-day on a like charge of having mutilated another one. As a case can be brought on each separate stone, there promises to be no let up for Craig. District Attorney Sapp appears for the State, and Pliny Norcross, Esq., for the defendant, and a jury has been drawn.

—This afternoon as George Charlton was driving R. J. Rooney's team along Milwaukee street, at the west side, the king-bolt broke, letting the box down. The team started off at a lively gallop with the front wheels, and dashed down Milwaukee street, across the bridge, and up the hill, and did not let up until they had smashed the tongue, and were at last caught. The horses were not injured, but were some out of breath.

Elegant Accommodations, lowest prices. Astor House, N. Y.

THE WEATHER.

REPORTED BY PRENTICE & EVENSON, DRUGGISTS.

The thermometer at 6 o'clock last evening stood at 53 degrees above; at 1 o'clock a. m. to-day at 33 degrees above; at 7 o'clock a. m. at 34 degrees above, and at 1 o'clock p. m. at 33 degrees above. Rain and snow.

The indications to-day are cloudy weather, with frequent rain, variable winds, attending a storm center mostly from north-east to north-west, stationary or higher temperature, and generally lower barometer.

EXCESSIVE HEAT.

And improper food at this season of the year may speedily carry you to the grave. Parker's Ginger Tonic should always be kept in the house, as it is unequalled for nursing mothers with teething children, and not only cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Cholera, Cholera Infantum, Colic, Cramps, etc., but prevents these dangerous attacks by its corrective action on the digestive apparatus it cures Headache, Indigestion, Nervousness, Palpitation of the heart, Wakefulness, Neuralgic Pains, Liver Disorders, Low Spirits, Sour stomach and all other symptoms and forms of Dyspepsia, regulates the Bowels, and enables you to enjoy the fruits and vegetables of the season. Buy a 50 cent or \$1.00 bottle and try it. Sold by all first-class druggists.

CITY NOTICES.

Mr. Fellows is daily in receipt of letters of enquiry, from various parts, respecting his Syrup of Hypophosphites. One recently received, leads to the belief that the public mistake his meaning in reference to its effect in imparting superior energy to the mind. Where the intellect has been impaired by overwork or by kindred causes, the use of the Syrup, together with proper precautions in the use of food, clothing, exercise and rest, will restore full power to the brain and nerves. Superiority of genius consists in great capacity of brain for assimilating material from every quarter, and of developing in proportion, but as by far the greater number are not well endowed by nature, consequently lacking this capacity, it would be quite impossible to find cranium space for material necessary to constitute the brilliant genius. Hence, although the Syrup will assist in restoring the mind which is lost, it cannot change a natural born idiot into an intelligent man.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Ladies' and Gents' Stationery. For a good article of Writing Paper, Envelopes, Pens, Ink, etc., at reasonable prices, call at Sullivan's Bookstore. feb16daw3m

Fits.—All Fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's FIT CURE AND GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fits after first day's use. 331 ARCH ST., Philadelphia, Pa. feb16daw3m

Lady Lawyers.

The female millenium appears to be dawning. There are women doctors, clerks, and jury-men, and soon there will be women lawyers. Before they attempt to speak they should use BOWEN'S DENT to give beauty to their mouths which are destined to complete their success as orators. Female Lawyers will stick to their clients, like SEALING'S GLUE to wood. april3daw1w

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., Will send their celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. Speedy cures guaranteed. They mean what they say Write to them without delay. nov16daw1w

The Famous Bethesda. R. Dunbar's Celebrated Bethesda Water of Waukegan, Wis.—The marvel of the age and acknowledged by the medical world as a specific for diabetes, Bright's disease, and all kindred diseases. For sale by E. B. Helmsstreet, Janesville, Wis. oct27daw6m

A CARD. To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c. I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. ISMAN, Station D, New York City. jan16daw1w

Mothers! Mothers! Mothers!! Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it; there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Sold everywhere. 25 cents a bottle.

What a Splendid Complexion!

That young lady who moves through the merry crowd with a most splendid complexion. And why? She is in robust health. See her when disease comes and robs her of her color. Now she is an invalid. Some trifling irregularity or exposure has brought on sickness and nature grows weak. The use of the PARIAN SYRUP will restore health and those ruddy cheeks. Health may be restored and with it beauty and grace. This syrup is nature's great means of vitalization. It injures none and benefits all who use it. It has relieved scores of cases where all else have failed. It renews the spirits of the dependent, sends new life bounding through the veins, and is, without doubt, the most successful preparation ever offered to the public. All druggists sell it. Sold in Janesville by Prentice & Evenson. april3daw1w

CHICAGO MARKET.

Chicago, April 14
WHEAT—No 2 spring wheat Cash, 1 09 1/4; N 3 spring wheat cash 90c c
COGN—No 2 cash, 53c
BARLEY—Extra No 2 cash, 51c cents.
PORK—cash new, 19 75
LARD—prime steam 16 35
LIVE HOGS—4 00 24 55 according to grade.
BUTTER—31 25 21 1/2c 18 3/4c, according to quality
EGGS—Fresh 15 1/2c
HAY—Timothy No 1, at 110 00 115 00; ton; No 2 at 110 00 112 00
HOPS—18 25c
HONEY—Good to new choice comb in boxes a 12 1/2c cents.
SHEDS—Clover at 15 25 24 25 per bu; Timothy at 15 25 24 25; Hay at 1 50c
TALLOW—5 1/2c No 1
WHISKY—1 07
WOOL—Tub-washed, poor conditioned and common coarse to choice medium, 53 25c; unwashed, fine, 30 25c; do, coarse to medium, 30 25c; fleece washed, according to grade and condition, 25 30c. Dirty, heavy and damaged lots sell at a discount of 3 25c per lb

MILWAUKEE GRAIN MARKET.

Milwaukee, April 15
Flour—lower
Wheat—steady; opened 1/2c higher and closed strong; No 1 Milwaukee hard 1 17c; No 1 Milwaukee 1 11c; No 2 81 65c; April 1 09 1/2c; May 1 10c; June 1 09 1/2c; No 3 90c; No 4 91 1/2c; rejected 82
COGN—No 2 33 1/2c
OATS—No 2 29 c
RYE—No 1 70 1/2c
BARLEY—No 2 spring 65 1/2c
PORK—mess cash new, 19 70
LARD—prime steam 16 35

NEW YORK MONETARY MARKET.

New York, April 15
Money: 6 per cent.
Sterling exchange bankers' bills 84 3/4c eight exchange on New York 45 1/2c
Governments weak
State bonds dull
Stocks heavy

AMUSEMENT.

Myers Opera House!

Commencing Monday Eve'g, April 19

First Appearance in Janesville of the Popular and Favorite Young Actress,

MISS FLORENCE HERBERT

Supported by a

Powerful Dramatic Com'y

Monday evening will be presented the celebrated emotional play,

MISS MULTON!

OBSCURE OUR LOW PRICES.

General Admission, 25c

Reserved Seats, 50c

Reserved Seats at C. E. Mosely's Book Store, JOHN WHITELEY, Manager.

apr16daw1w

TO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS

A FEW

Choice Styles!

In Ladies new Spring Ulsters

and Walking Jackets received

to-day at GEO. STOCKTON'S.

apr16daw1w

Grain Speculation

In large or small amounts, \$25 or \$25,000. Write W. T. BOULE & CO., Commission Merchants, 130 La Salle St., CHICAGO, ILL., for Circular.

mar17daw1w

Wanted

A GOOD GIRL

To do general housework in a small family.

S. P. DELANEY, at Smith & Son's.

apr16daw1w

MRS. M. E. HEWETT

Has returned from Chicago with a new

STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS!

Call and examine them and prices. She also has the agency for the sale of Mr. & M. Clark's Perfect Tailor System for cutting ladies' and children's garments. Full instructions given at her room No. 27 West Milwaukee st.

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apr16daw1w

FOR SALE!

Our stock of DRY GOODS and Fixtures are now for sale. This is a rare opportunity to buy a well established Business in the best location in the city. Terms reasonable. Apply to **McCLERNAN & CO.**

P. S.—All persons indebted to the firm are requested to settle accounts at once. **McCLERNAN & CO.** Myers Block, Main Street, Janesville, Wis.

Where Did You Get those Clothes?

Why, What's the Matter with Them? "Well, I should say there was Nothing the Matter with them; they are about the finest I ever saw."

That is the way the Boys talk about our nobby, superb fitting Garments, for Young Men, who like Stylish Clothing, at reasonable figures. We should be pleased to have every Young Man in Janesville and vicinity, call and try on one of these Suits; it will not cost you a cent, and we are willing to put our time against yours. We will show you a choice assortment of Patterns, and for \$15.00 and \$18.00 will furnish you just as good material, fit, and trimmings, as you can get made to order at \$28.00 to \$30.00, and your friends need never know the difference.

There is no other Ready Made Clothing that will compare with this particular line of goods, and they are for sale in Janesville, by Smith & Son only, who are also the exclusive agents in this City, for the celebrated Wilson White and Fancy Shirts.

A Magnificent line of Neckwear and Fancy Hosiery just received. **SMITH & SON.**

Square Dealing Clothiers, Tailors, Hatters, & Furnishers.

JANESVILLE, Wis., April 12, '80.

TO THE LADIES:

Owing to the pressure of orders in our Millinery Department, we have concluded to dispense with our usual formal "OPENING" this Spring. We wish, however, to inform you that we have just received and are now exhibiting an elegant and attractive stock of Millinery, comprising choice lines of all the late and popular novelties in the market. Mrs. Amsden and Miss Burns, who have charge of the Trimming Department, are prepared to execute orders on short notice in the best style of the art. While thanking you for past favors, we wish to assure you that we appreciate your patronage and will continue to make every effort to deserve a continuance of the same.

Yours Truly, **MoKEY & BRO.**

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